



EUROPEAN GNSS AND NEW TRENDS IN NAVIGATION (SMART MOBILITY)

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KOUROU - MAY 24TH, 2016



Credit: ESA/CNES/ARIANESPACE



GSA AND STATUS OF GALILEO / EGNOS

European GNSS Agency (GSA) is responsible for Galileo market adoption and operations

The GSA's mission is to support European Union objectives and achieve the highest return on European GNSS investment, in terms of benefits to users and economic growth and competitiveness

- Staff: c.a. **135**
- Nationalities: 21
- Headquarters: Prague
- Other Locations:
 - St Germain en Laye
 - Swanwick
 - Torrejon





How GSA fits in the EU structure

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G S A

GSA is responsible for Galileo market adoption and operations

Galileo is the European GNSS...

Company and the

- Worldwide navigation system "made in EU"
- Fully interoperable with GPS
- Open service <u>free of charge</u>, delivering dual frequencies
- Signal authentication

2020



Galileo is implemented in a step-wise approach

Initial Operational Capability 2016 Galileo services available to users with limited coverage

Users benefit from Galileo in combination with other GNSS

- 14 satellites already launched
- 4 satellites to be launched in 2016

Full Operational Capability

Full services, 30 satellites An independent civilian infrastructure

- Galileo fully operational
- 12 further satellites to be launched in 2017-2020

Galileo is the European GNSS...

- New modified Ariane 5 launcher ready for Galileo (4x Satellites)
- August 2016: Ariane 5 arrived in Kourou
- September 2016: 4 Gallileo (15, 16, 17, 18) arrived in Kourou
- November 2016: Launch from Kourou Spaceport



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Credit: ESA







...that will deliver services in a competitive technological scenario

OTHER POSITIONING TECHNOLOGIES:

- WI-FI
- Inertial sensors
- Mobile network positioning

GNSS POSITIONING

MULTI-GNSS GALILEO VALUE ADDED

INCREASED ACCURACY INCREASED AVAILABILITY REDUCED TIME TO FIRST FIX INCREASED RESILIENCY

GALILEO DIFFERENTIATORS

HIGH PRECISION SIGNAL AUTHENTICATION RETURN LINK CAPABILITY INCREASED ROBUSTNESS 8

= GALILEO



= OTHER GNSS

...while EGNOS already provides value to **European citizens**

- Satellite Based Augmentation System (SBAS)
- Measures and improved GPS performance
 - 'It's there, use it' Sends corrections to users via satellite or terrestrial links (EDAS)
- European coverage (but under extension in other regions, e.g. North Africa)







SMART MOBILITY

GNSS is an enabler of several applications in Smart Mobility

Market driven applications

Introduced by market players due to the added value they provide to clients and end users:

- Navigation, the most widespread application of Satellite Navigation
- Satellite road traffic monitoring, to collect floating car location data from vehicles and process traffic information
- Insurance telematics services, relying on GNSS to increase the transparency for insurers and subscribers
- Fleet management solutions, to enable transport operators to monitor the logistics activities' performance
- Connected, Automated, Autonomous Driving, integrating GNSS, other sensors and communications systems to enhance road safety and comfort for the driver, by enabling V2V communication

Regulated applications

Introduced by the EU due to the benefits on safety and transport network operations:

- **eCall** system will send an emergency call to 112 in case of accident, including precise location, accelerating assistance to drivers
- Digital tachographs will facilitate registration of starting-ending time of the journey
- Dangerous goods tracking: robust positioning requirements uptake in EU Member States
- Road User Charging GNSS, supporting toll operators in charging levies in compliance with the EETS Directive



Why GNSS for Road User Charging?

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FLEXIBILITY

Rapid changes can be implemented

EXTENSIBILITY

Example of a network extension in 3 months

REVENUE POTENTIAL

SP can include several VAS to their offer

ENVIRONMENT (AND COST)

Around 80% less roadside infrastructure

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

Dynamically influence traffic behavior

LOW TRANSACTION COSTS

Data traffic costs already @ approx. 2€/month





Europe understands the benefits of GNSS for tolling



The eCall case: Automatic Emergency Call Systems

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Positioning

Via satellite positioning and mobile telephony caller location, the accurate position of the accident scene is fixed and then transmitted by the eCall to the nearest emergency call centre. More information is given in the eCall, e.g. the direction of travel and the vehicle type.

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Emergency Call

From April 2018

A 112 emergency call (eCall) is made automatically by the car as soon as on-board sensors (e.g. the airbag sensors) register a serious accident. By pushing a dedicated button in the car, any car occupant can also make an eCall manually.

Emergency call centre (PSAP)

The eCall's urgency is recognized, the accident's location can be seen on a screen. A trained operator tries to talk with the vehicle's occupants to get more information. If there is no reaction, emergency services are sent off without delay.

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Quicker help

Thanks to the automatic notification of the crash site, the emergency services (e.g. ambulance, fire fighters, police) arrive much quicker there. Time saved translates into lives saved. EGNOS and Galileo compatibility required in every e-Call device



International harmonised regulation under development in the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)

Digital Tachograph (DT) is the early driver of the next Galileo Authentication

- Digital Tachograph (DT) is used to enforce the respect of drive timing, in accordance with European regulation
- The new amended EU legislation is proposing a new generation of DT with GNSS:
 - GNSS is proposed to register at least starting-ending time/location of the journey for enhanced regulation
 - Robustness and trustability required!

Galileo compatibility will be recommended in the proposed Technical Annex of the amended regulation, taking advantage of the GNSS signal authentication



From March 2019

In the automotive market, robust GNSS is a complement to Connected Cars functions...

Connected cars are likely to include the following capabilities:

- ✓ Integration with home networks*
- Data exchange with insurers, manufacturers and third parties*
- ✓ Diagnostics and vehicle health reports
- $\checkmark~$ Improved navigation and positioning*
- ✓ In-vehicle WiFi hotspot
- ✓ Payment integration*
- ✓ Streaming of music and Video on Demand
- ✓ Localised information and advertising*
- ✓ Police warnings and location*
- ✓ Car-to-car gaming
- $\checkmark\,$ Real time traffic and incident alerts*
- $\checkmark\,$ Assisted and automated driving*





* GNSS supported

... and it is paving the way for autonomous driving

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GNSS shares the complementarity and interoperability with automotive technologies

SENSOR BASED VS. CONNECTION BASED VS. CONVERGED SOLUTION

Sensor-Based Solution Only



- Cannot sufficiently mimic human senses
- Not cost-effective for mass market adoption
- Lack of adequate 360^o mapping of environment in urban grids

Source: KPMG Self-driving cars: The next revolution



Connected Vehicle Solution Only



- DSRC does not currently work with pedestrians, bicyclists, etc.
- DSRC-based V2I (Vehicle-to-Infrastructure communication) might require significant infrastructure investment
- V2V (Vehicle-to-Vehicle communication) requires high market penetration to deliver value reliably

Converged Solution



- Facilitate adequate mimic of human senses
- Convergence will provide the necessary level of functional redundancy

Converged solution reduces need for both expensive mix of sensors and infrastructure investments. Accurate and reliable GNSS will contribute to drastically reduce the cost!

While automation is already a reality today, full self driving automation will come after 2020



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Source: Autonomous vehicle adoption path by NHTSA; Autonomous Vehicle Implementation Predictions – Implications for Transport Planning Todd Alexander Litman © 2013-15; Self-Driving the New Industry Paradigm – Morgan Stanley

Personal Rapid Transit or "Podcar" was the first attempt to change mobility habits

Infrastructure	Do not need infrastructure to operate (e.g. pavement streets in segregated areas)
Circulation	Like a bus, they follow a route, which can be dynamically modified to account for higher demand in specific spots
Capacity	Up to 15 passengers per vehicle ⁽²⁾

European examples (*)

- AKKA: Enhanced vehicle-location capability with simultaneous localisation and mapping and robust GNSS systems
- EASY MILE: Hybrid sensing approach combining localisation through vision, laser and differential GNSS.



A(*) Navigation solutions developed in TAXISAT project, funded by the GSA under the FP7 programme

Today, GNSS is the preferred technology in the main Autonomous Driving prototypes

Car Brand	Commercial Name
Audi	Piloted Driving
BMW	Active Assist
Chevrolet	
Chrysler (*)	(With Google)
Citroen and Peugeot	Highway Chauffer
Fiat	
Ford	
Honda	Automated Drive
Hyundai	
Jaguar Land Rover	
Kia	Drive Wise
Mercedez Benz	
Nissan	Intelligent Driving
Renault	Next Two
Tesla (**)	Autopilot
Toyota and Lexus	
Volkswagen	
Volvo (***)	Drive Me/Intellisafe Autopilot



Source: Renault's Next Two

(*) Recent partnership between Google and FCA (Chrysler)
(**) Commercially available: Model S latest software upgrade includes autonomous driving functions
(***) Tests with volunteer customers starting in 2017 in Sweden and UK



THANK YOU 謝謝

www.gsa.europa.eu www.gnss.asia